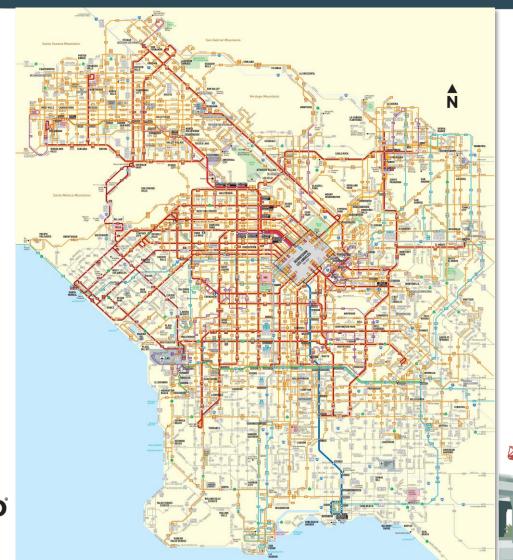
Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Measure R and the Financing Plan



Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority



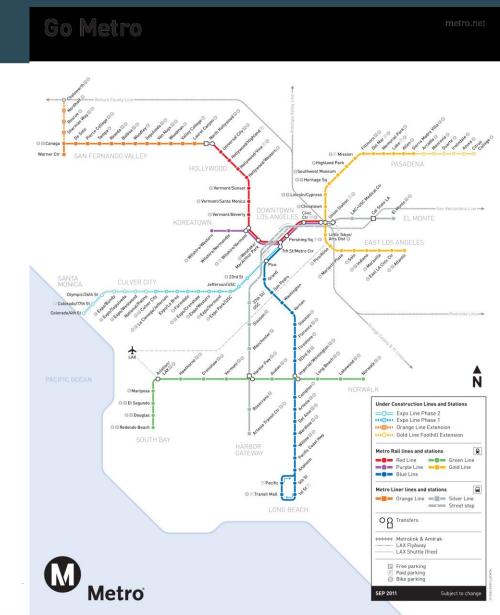




Metro Manages the Nation's Second Largest Transportation System

- 1,433 square-mile service area
- Clean-air fleet of over 2,200 CNG buses
- 73 miles of Metro Rail 78 stations
- Approximately 1.1 million bus and 300,000 rail passenger boardings each weekday
- Metro Freeway Service Patrol and Call Box services
- Metro Rapid Bus
- 513 miles HOV lanes
- Coordinate freight movement
- 1,252 miles in Metro Bikeways
- Funding partner of 512-mile Metrolink system





Background

- **Organization:** Metro was established in 1993 and was the successor to both the Southern California Rapid Transit District and the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission.
- **Responsibilities:** Metro serves as transportation planner and coordinator, designer, builder and operator for one of the country's largest, most populous counties.
- Governing Board: Consists of 13 voting members; the 5 members of the County Board of Supervisors, the Los Angeles Mayor, 2 public members, 1 member from the Los Angeles City Council and 4 members from mayor/city council members from cities other than Los Angeles.
- Revenue Source: Metro's is a self help County with sales tax as the primary source of revenue securing outstanding debt.
 - The revenues pledged to Metro's obligations are not reliant on payments from the State of California and are not subject to the State's diversion of funds
- Current Sales Tax: LACTMA currently has three outstanding ½% sales taxes: Proposition A, Proposition C and Measure R.
 - Prop A & C are permanent sales taxes
 - Measure R is a 30-year sales tax sun-setting in 2039





Metro Service Area: Los Angeles County

Los Angeles County is one of the world's most dynamic, innovative and diverse economies. It represents a significant portion of California's economic, political and educational system.

Economy:

Larger than 44 states and all but 17 countries

Diverse Economic Base:

International trade, entertainment, aerospace, technology, petroleum, fashion, and tourism.

16 of the Fortune 500 are headquartered in the County

Higher Education:

Home to many world-class universities and research facilities, including UCLA, USC, and CalTech.

Largest Tax Payers

Property owned by the twenty largest taxpayers had a full cash value of \$35.53 billion, representing 3.5% of the total assessed value for the entire county









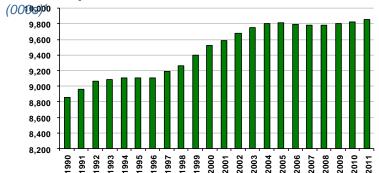








Stable Population Growth



(1) Source: California Department of Finance: Demographic Research Unit. Population estimate for 2000 through 2011 was recalibrated to reflect 2010 Census

Fortune 500 Headquarters²

















NORTHROP GRUMMAN











Economic Overview

The County's diversified economic base contributes to a broad and resilient regional economy

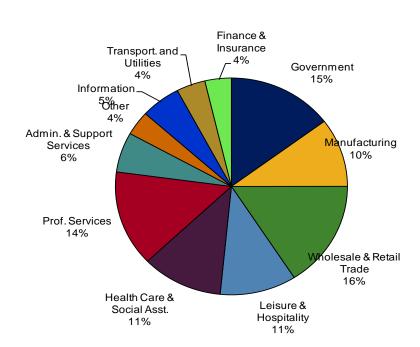
 Los Angeles metropolitan area is the largest economy in California and is the second largest economy in then US, second only to the New York area.

Los Angeles Regional GDP Ranked Nationally¹

	Metropolitan Area	GDP (\$ millions)
1	New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	1,280,517
2	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	735,743
3	Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	532,331
4	Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	425,167
5	Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	384,603
6	Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	374,081
7	Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	346,932
8	San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	325,927
9	Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	313,690
10	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	272,362

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, 2010

Source: State of California Employment Development Department, August 2011.



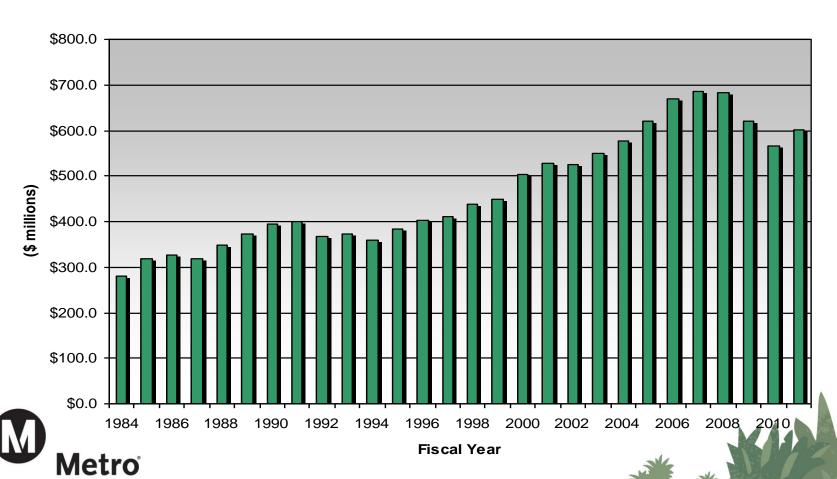
Employment Distribution²



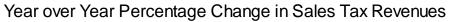
Metro[®]

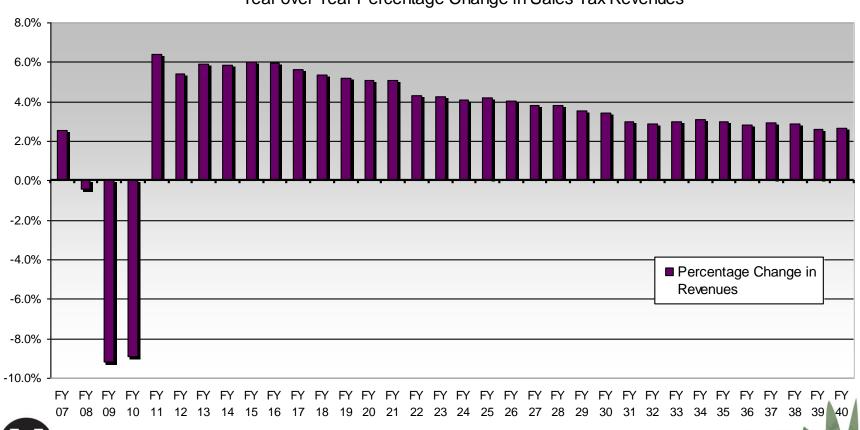
Sales Tax History

Proposition A Sales Tax Revenues



Sales Tax Projections







Sales Tax Coverage History

Proposition A¹

		Allocation to	Pledged				
	Net Sales Tax	Local Govts	Revenues	Senior Lien			
Year	Revenue (\$mm)	(\$mm)	(\$mm)	Coverage			
2001	528.3	(132.1)	396.2	2.79x			
2002	526.0	(131.5)	394.5	2.86x			
2003	548.3	(137.1)	411.2	2.96x			
2004	576.7	(144.2)	432.5	3.16x			
2005	619.5	(154.9)	464.6	3.32x			
2006	669.0	(167.2)	501.7	3.32x			
2007	686.2	(171.5)	514.6	3.60x			
2008	683.4	(170.8)	512.5	3.47x			
2009	620.8	(155.2)	465.6	3.03x			
2010	565.7	(141.4)	424.3	2.71x			
2011	601.9	(150.5)	451.4	3.00x			

Proposition C¹

		Allocation to	Pledged	
	Net Sales Tax	Local Govts	Revenues	Senior Lien
Year	Revenue (\$mm)	(\$mm)	(\$mm)	Coverage
2001	528.4	(105.7)	422.7	4.86x
2002	525.9	(105.2)	420.7	4.33x
2003	548.3	(109.7)	438.6	4.90x
2004	576.7	(115.3)	461.4	4.80x
2005	619.6	(123.9)	495.7	4.75x
2006	669.0	(133.8)	535.2	5.47x
2007	686.3	(137.3)	549.0	5.86x
2008	683.5	(136.7)	546.8	5.31x
2009	620.9	(124.2)	496.7	4.22x
2010	565.8	(113.2)	452.6	4.29x
2011	601.9	(120.4)	481.5	4.28x

Historically, MTA has maintained strong coverage on its long term debt supported by Proposition A and Proposition C

- MTA collects a ½% tax for each of Proposition A, Proposition C and Measure R.
- A portion of the sales tax collected per proposition is used for local agencies, the remainder is pledged to pay the Sales Tax Revenue bonds.

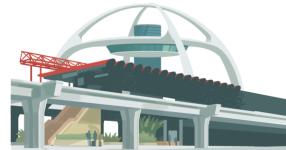
- Proposition A: 25% to local agencies

- Proposition C: 20% to local agencies

- Measure R: 15% to local agencies

• In Fiscal 2011, the MTA's coverage was

Proposition A: 3.00xProposition C: 4.28x



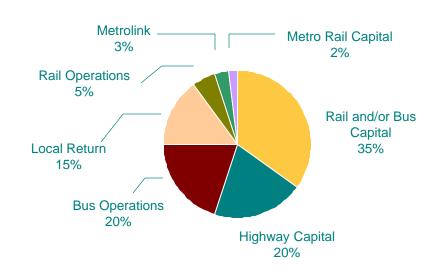


The Measure R Sales Tax

Overview

- New Tax and New Bonding Program
- Measure R Sales Tax
 - Approved by two-thirds majority in November 2008
 - Half-cent tax on all taxable sales throughout Los Angeles County
 - Began collections on July 1, 2009
 - Sunsets June 30, 2039
- Measure R will:
 - Relieve traffic congestion
 - Fund dozens of critical transit and highway projects
 - According to the Los Angeles County Economic Development Corporation, Measure R is expected to create nearly 300,000 jobs in Los Angeles County, including more than 210,000 new construction jobs

Allocation of Measure R Revenues



Measure R Sales Taxes are allocated to be spent on specific project needs and operational purposes as set forth above

Bondholders benefit from a pledge of 85% of all Sales Tax Collections



Measure R **Attachment A - Expenditure Plan (Transit Capital Projects)**

Proposed One-Half Cent Sales Tax for Transportation: Expenditure Plan 30 Years, Fiscal Year (FY) 2010 - 2039

ATTACHMENT A

As Adopted by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Board of Directors July 24, 2008

_					New Sales Tax (Assembly			y Bill 2321)			Other Funds							
for reference only - not priority order	Subfund	Potential Project in Alphabetical Order by Category (project definition depends on final environmental process) Cost Estimate			R	<i>l</i> linimum	Additional		Total				State Funding		Local unding ail is 3% (cept as noted)	Funds Available Beginning	Expected Completion	
1		Transit Projects:New Rail and/or Bus Rapid Transit	Cap	pital Projec	ts.C	ould includ	le ra	ail improv	em	ents or exc	clusi	ve bus	rap	id trans	sit iı	mprovem	ents in desig	nated corridors.
2			Es	calated \$														
3		Eastside Light Rail Access (Gold Line)	\$	30	\$	30	\$	-	\$	30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	FY 2010	FY 2013
4		Exposition Boulevard Light Rail Transit	\$	1,632 ^a	\$	925	\$	-	\$	925	\$	-	\$	353	\$	354	FY 2010-12	FY 2013-15
5		Metro and Municipal Regional Clean Fuel Bus Capital Facilities and Rolling Stock (Metro's share to be used for clean fuel buses)	\$	150	\$	150	\$	-	\$	150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	FY 2010	FY 2039
6		Regional Connector (links local rail lines) \$ 1,320		\$	160	\$	-	\$	160	\$	708	\$	186	\$	266 b	FY 2014-16	FY 2023-25	
7				Current 2008 \$														
8	Capital Projects	Crenshaw Transit Corridor - project acceleration	\$	1,470	\$	235.5	\$	971.5	\$	1,207					\$	263 ^c	FY 2010-12	FY 2016-18
9	ital Pr	Gold Line Eastside Extension	\$	1,310	\$	-	\$	1,271	\$	1,271					\$	39	FY 2022-24	FY 2033-35
10	it Cap	Gold Line Foothill Light Rail Transit Extension	\$	758	\$	735	\$	-	\$	735					\$	23	FY 2010-12	FY 2015-17
11	Transit	Green Line Extension to Los Angeles International Airport	\$	200	\$	-	\$	200	\$	200						TBD d	FY 2010-12	FY 2015-28 ^d
12		Green Line Extension: Redondo Beach Station to South Bay Corridor	\$	280	\$	-	\$	272	\$	272] _	o be de	4		\$	8	FY 2028-30	FY 2033-35
13		San Fernando Valley I-405 Corridor Connection (match to total project cost)		TBD	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	1,000] ''	o be de	terri	iinea	\$	31	FY 2030-32	FY 2038-39
14		San Fernando Valley North-South Rapidways (Canoga Corridor) - project acceleration	\$	188	\$	32 e	\$	150	\$	182					\$	6	FY 2010-12	FY 2014-16
15		San Fernando Valley East North-South Rapidways - project acceleration	\$	70	\$	68.5 e	\$	-	\$	68.5					\$	2	FY 2013-15	FY 2016-18
16		West Santa Ana Branch Corridor (match to total project cost)		TBD	\$	-	\$	240	\$	240					\$	7	FY 2015-17*	FY 2025-27*
17		Westside Subway Extension - to be opened in segments	\$	4,200 ^f	\$	900	\$	3,174	\$	4,074					\$	126	FY 2013-15	FY 2034-36
18		Capital Project Contingency (Transit)-Escalation Allowance for lines 8-17 to be based on year of construction	\$	7,331	\$	173	\$	3,103	\$	3,276	\$	2,200	\$	1,015	\$	840 g	FY 2010	FY 2039
19	19 Total New Rail and/or Bus Rapid Transit Capital Projects		\$	18,939 h	\$	3,408.5	\$	10,381.5	\$	13,790	\$	2,908	\$	1,554	\$	1,965	FY 2010	FY 2039

Measure R - Amendments Limitations on Amendments to Measure R Ordinance-Section 11

- Ordinance establishes allocations of sales tax Net Revenues by transportation purpose (Attachment A).
- No amendment can reduce total Net Revenues allocated to sum of Transit Capital and Highway Capital Subfunds. Not more than once every 10 years (starting in 2019), Net Revenues can be transferred between Transit Capital and Highway Capital Subfunds, by 2/3 vote of Metro Board.
- No amendment can reduce total Net Revenues allocated to Operations Subfund or Local Return Subfund.
- Amendments to the Amendment provisions of the Ordinance must be approved by 2/3 of Metro Board and a simple majority of voters.

Measure R - Oversight

- Ordinance establishes independent Oversight Committee:
 - to review annual audit
 - ensure compliance with spending allocations by transportation purpose, pursuant to Attachment A
 - review any proposed amendments to the Ordinance, and
 - review proposed debt financings and make findings that benefits from a financing (accelerating project delivery, avoiding future cost escalation, and related factors) exceed the issuance and interest costs.



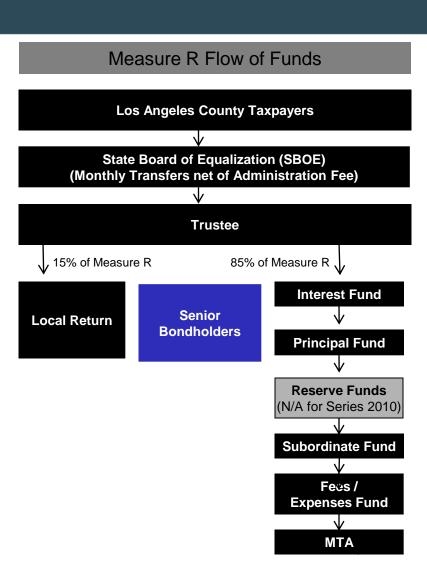


Measure R Senior Lien Structure

Security and Key Features

- The Bonds are limited obligations of MTA payable from and secured by a pledge of the Pledged Revenues
- The Bonds have a senior lien on Pledged Revenues
- MTA covenants not to issue or incur any obligations with a lien on Pledged Revenues superior to that of the Bonds
- MTA reserves the right to sell both parity and subordinate obligations
- Pledged Revenues are Measure R sales tax revenues and Swap Revenues less refunds, the SBOE admin fee, and 15% Local Return paid to local agencies
- No operating risk or exposure. No State Budget Exposure
 Gross Revenue Pledge of Local Sales Tax
- Revenues are transferred directly to trustee by SBOE on a monthly basis – Lock Box Structure with set-aside of principal and interest
- Additional Bonds Test: 2.50x historic revenues in 12 consecutive of last 18 months vs. projected MADS





Debt Policy Guides Future Debt Issuance Debt Affordability Targets and Policy Limits

Category	Allowable Uses & Status	Debt Policy
Transit Capital 35% – New Rail and/or Rapid Transit	New Rail and/or Bus Rapid Transit. Initial issuance occurred occurred in CY2010.	87% of MR Transit Capital – Rail and/ or Bus Rapid Transit revenues.
Transit Capital 3% – Metrolink Capital Improvement Projects Within LA	Operations, Maintenance and Expansion for system improvements, rail yards and rail cars. Currently no debt service. Issuance likely in the future.	87% of MR Transit Capital – Metrolink Capital Improvements in LA County.
Transit Capital 2% – Metro Rail 87% of MR Transit Capital	System improvements, rail yards and rail cars. Currently no no debt service. Issuance likely in the future.	87% of MR Transit Capital – Metro Rail Capital
Highway Capital 20% –	Carpool lanes, highways, goods movement, grade separations separations and soundwalls. Currently no debt service. Issuance likely in the future.	60% of MR Highway Capital
Operations 5% – Rail Operations	Rail operations for new transit project operations and maintenance. Currently no debt service. No debt issuance permitted.	No debt issuance.
Operations 20% – Bus Operations	Bus operations for countywide bus service and maintenance. maintenance. Currently no debt service. No debt issuance permitted.	No debt issuance.
Local Return 15% –	Major street resurfacing, rehabilitation and reconstruction; reconstruction; pothole repair; left turn signals; bikeways, bikeways, pedestrian improvements; streetscapes; signal synchronization; and transit. Distributed to localities based on based on population.	N/A

MTA is Distinguished by Fundamental Credit Strengths

Essential Program and Strong Mandate	 Providing Transportation Is a Key Component for Continued Regional Growth and Quality of of Life Multi-modal Strategy Enables Metro to Meet the Diverse Needs of the Region
Management s	 Difficult Decisions Made: Fare Increase in July 2010 and a Service Reduction of 310,000 Projects completed on time and on budget.
Strong Security Features	 The Sales Tax Behind Each Program has Proven Stability and Resiliency Strong Additional Bonds Test and Trustee Intercept High Historical and Projected Debt Service Coverage
Diverse Economic e	 Los Angeles County Is a Leader in the Trade, Communications, and Finance Industries Tax Base Is Broad-based
Recognition by Rating Agencies of Fundamental Credit trength	 Standard & Poor's Ratings of AAA (Prop A and Measure R) & AA+ (Prop C) Moody's Investors Ratings of Aa2 (Prop A and Measure R) and Aa3 (Prop C) Fitch Ratings of AA (Prop A and Prop C)



Proposed Terms for TIFIA Loan Agreement

- > Borrower: Crenshaw Project Corporation
- > Principal Amount: \$545.9 million
- > Dedicated Repayment Source: Crenshaw Project Revenues
- > Security: Pledge of Crenshaw Project Revenues
 - > Crenshaw Project Payments made by MTA to Corporation, plus
 - > Income from Permitted Investments
 - > Project Payments equal to scheduled payments of principal and interest and any prepayment of principal and interest and fees, costs and expenses due on TIFIA Loan



Security and Measure R Revenue Pledge for TIFIA Loan

- > Measure R debt is secured by pledge of all Measure R taxes (less 15% Local Return and State administrative fee)
- > Same pledge structure for Prop A and Prop C debt (i.e., all categories except Local Return and admin fee)
- > Received opinion from outside counsel confirming the legality of 85% pledge
- > Board approved the 85% pledge prior to first Measure R bond issue; specified in Measure R Trust Agreement





Additional Indebtedness

> Covenant that no additional Measure R debt will be issued unless Projected Pledged Revenues are at least 1.25 times Maximum Annual TIFIA Debt Service





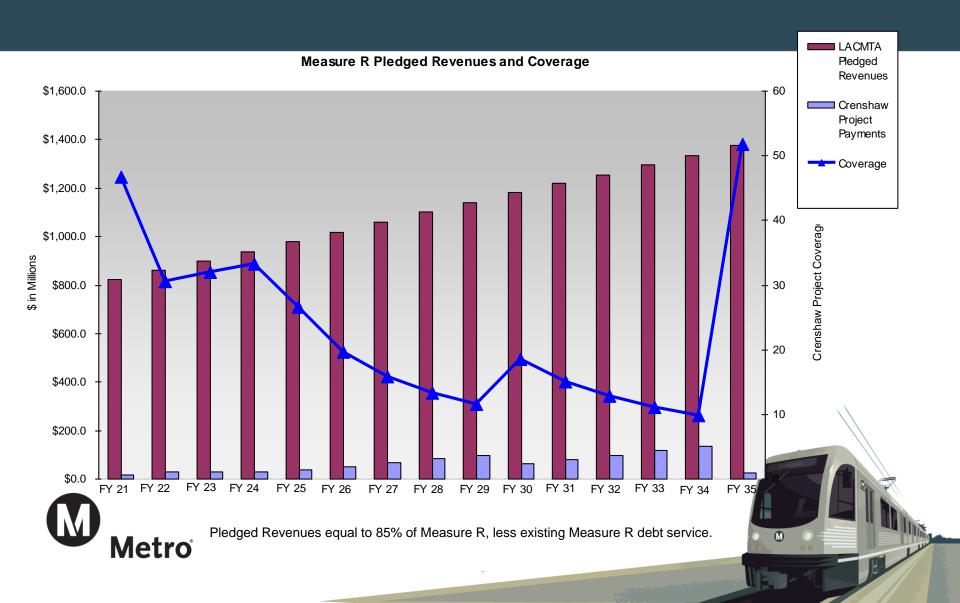
Amortization of TIFIA Loan

- > Amortization of principal to meet overall Measure R funding needs and resources
- > Principal amortized in Fiscal Year 2025 through Fiscal Year 2035





Measure R Projected Coverage of Crenshaw Payments



Flow of Funds for TIFIA Loan Repayment

Measure R Revenues

(1/2 cent sales tax)



State Board of Equalization directly transfers the 85% Pledged Revenues to Sr. Lien Trustee each month.

LACMTA Senior

Debt Service



Each successive trustee passes on to the next trustee all residual of the 85% pledge.

LACMTA Subordinate Debt Service



Revenues remaining after payment of the more senior obligations are released to LACMTA and become LACMTA Pledged Revenues.

LACMTA

Residual cash flow after payment of Crenshaw Project Payments no longer constitutes LACMTA Pledged Revenues and will be transferred to LACMTA to be used for any lawful purpose.

Crenshaw Project Payments

Crenshaw Project Payments are paid by LACMTA to the Borrower pursuant to a Funding Agreement, in the amounts and at the times equal to debt service due and payable on the TIFIA Loan and related fees and expenses.

Crenshaw Project Corporation (the "Borrower")

Crenshaw Project Revenues *Borrower pledges to DOT (the "TIFIA Lender") all "Crenshaw Project Revenues", consisting of Crenshaw Project Payments received from LACMTA plus investment earnings on same.

TIFIA Loan*





Sources of Funds

Sources of Funds	(\$ in millions)		
Local Funds			
Measure R	\$	661.1	
TIFIA Proceeds (Measure R)	\$	545.9	
Proposition A	\$	4.9	
Proposition C	\$	148.9	
Other Local	\$	52.4	
Subtotal Local Funds	\$	1,413.1	
State Funds			
Regional Improvement Program	\$	36.7	
Prop 1B	\$	201.2	
Subtotal State Funds	\$	237.9	
Federal Funds		_	
CMAQ	\$	68.2	
RSTP	\$	20.0	
Other Federal	\$	9.8	
Subtotal Federal Funds	\$	98.0	
Total Project Sources	\$	1,749.0	





Pending Federal Reauthorization 97% of Funds are Committed

Fund Source			nount	Status	Agency
•	Prop. A, Prop. C, & Measure R, TIFIA	\$1	,360 M	Committed	Metro
•	Local Agency Funds	\$	52 M	Pending	LA/Inglewood
•	State Proposition 1B PTMISEA	\$	201 M	Committed	State
•	Regional Improvement Program	\$	37 M	Committed	State
•	CMAQ/RSTP (& expended Earmark)	\$	98 M	Reauth. Pending	Federal

- Local agency funding assumption is 3% of total project cost
 - Metro assumed 3% in Measure R expenditure plan and in the subsequent Long Range Plan
 - City of Inglewood funding commitments are under negotiation
 - City of Inglewood considering Metro loan offer
 - Metro loan would be repaid with Inglewood Local Return funds
 - City of Los Angeles discussions are pending
 - City of Los Angeles Financial Plans include the funds necessary

Actions to Address Forecasted Loss

- > Depth of recession better understood by April 2010
- > Long Range Plan Financial Forecast periodically updated
 - Lower priority projects deferred from first decade
 - > April 2010 and November 2011
 - Additional borrowing assumed to mitigate near-term impacts
 - > Measure R Contingency Policy limits such responses going forward
 - Other policies adopted to protect longer term commitments
 - > Cost Management Process and Policy
 - State Repayment of Capital Project Loans Fund
 - > Light Rail Yard Cost Allocations



